



SUPPLIES & TOOLS

- S-Lon Beading Cord – your color choice
- Beads – main bracelet design
- 2 Beads for cord ends
- Clip board
- Small Binder Clip or similar
- Scissors
- GS Hypo Cement #30033326
- Optional:
 - 2 - Mini Wooden clothespins
 - Bead Reamer #30061237

NOTE: This weaving technique is like one used for a basic paracord design where you tie square knots over a base cord. Beads are added to embellish the simple design. Make sure that the beads you are using have a hole large enough for the cord to slip through. And the two beads needed for the cord ends needs to be able to fit two cords through. You can enlarge the holes by using the bead reamer if needed.



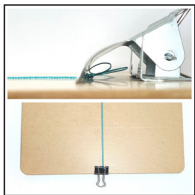
INSTRUCTIONS

Prep – Measure out the lengths of cording needed.

Base Cord – Calculate the base cord length by wrapping around your wrist and adding 6 more inches. Then, double this measurement to get the base cord length.

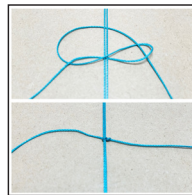
Knotting Cord – Measure about 4 or more yards of cord for the knotting cord.

Keep in mind, it is always better to have more cord than needed because the excess can always be cut off.

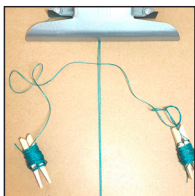


1. Fold the base cord in half to find the center point. About 2 inches down, make a single knot. Place the knot under the clip on the clipboard. This will hold the cord in place, which will make it easier for you to tie the macramé knots.

Lay the base cord flat onto the clipboard. Clip the ends of the cord to the bottom of the clipboard with a binder clip to keep the cord taut and straight.

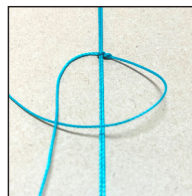


5. Pull both strands to tighten and complete the first knot.



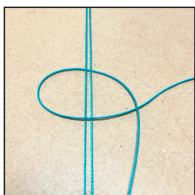
2. Take the knotting cord and find the center point. Slip the center point under the base cord to begin the knotting process. Separate the two strands.

TIP: Since the knotting cord is long, you can wind the ends around mini wooden clothespins to keep it manageable. Unwind and release cord as needed.



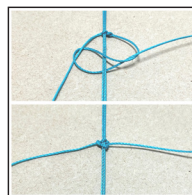
6. Second Knot - The steps are like the first knot except you will work with the right strand.

Put the right strand over the base cords and under the left strand.



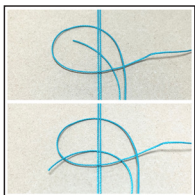
3. Knotting - you will be making a series of square knots.

First Knot – Bring the left strand over the base cords and under the right strand.



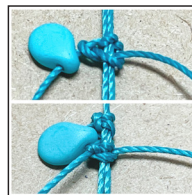
7. Next, take the right strand and put it under the base strands and up through the loop on the left side.

Pull both strands to complete the second knot.



4. Next, bring the left strand back and slip it under the base strands.

Then, bring the left strand up and through the loop.



8. Add Beads – after the first set of knots are made, you can add beads to the knotting strands.

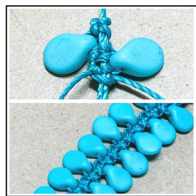
String a bead onto the left strand and push up to the bracelet base. Repeat steps 3 - 5 to knot and secure the bead onto the bracelet.



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INSTRUCTIONS



9. Add a bead to the right strand and repeat steps 6- 7 to knot and secure the bead onto the bracelet.

Continue adding beads and knotting in this pattern until you have your desired bracelet length plus an inch. Knot and cut off excess cord.



10. Finishing – Remove the bracelet from the clipboard and bring the two ends of the bracelet together. Cross over the ends together so all four strands are side by side.

Cut an 18-inch piece of cord, find the middle and slip under the ends. Tie at least 8 square knots over the four strands. Knot cord ends and cut off excess cord. This creates an adjustable slider closure for the bracelet.



11. Knot cord ends and cut off excess cord.

This creates an adjustable slider closure for the bracelet.



12. Slip a bead onto each of the cord ends and knot.

Put a dot of GS-Hypo Cement glue on all the knots and cord ends to help secure and to prevent fraying



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